Chapter 8A Recap ~ Continuities and Change in China's Golden Age

Identify and explain examples of continuities and changes in post-classical China.

CONTINUITIES

✓ Strong Centralized Government

- Ex. Bureaucratic Structures evidenced by the formalized ministries (personnel, finance, rites, army, justice, and public works) in addition to the creation of the Censorate or surveillance ministry
- Ex. Ongoing use of Exam Systems to qualify for government jobs
- Ex. Persistent incursions and invasions from nomadic people in the north required constant efforts to protect

✓ Reinforcement of Patriarchy∖

- Ex. The reemergence of Confucianism placed women in a subservient role to men
- Ex. The practice of foot binding
- Ex. Shifts to mass production of silk would minimize the elite status of women who had previously specialized in production

✓ Social Class Power Struggles

CHANGES

✓ Technology and Innovation

 $\circ~$ The examples listed below had a tremendous impact on China's growing agricultural and commercial industries.

Using your notes from Ch. 8A, describe the technology developed in China during the Tang and Song Dynasty.

Brief Description	How was this a benefit to Chinese society?
The Grand Canal:	
Chinese Junks:	
Flying Money:	
Explosive Powder:	
Magnetic Compass	
The Abacus	
Printing with Moveable Type	

- 1. Suppose you were a visitor from another place (say, Japan) who was given the right by the Chinese emperor to take one of these innovations out of China for use in your own country. Which one would you choose, and why?
- 2. Which would be your LAST choice, and why?