

**Time Period #1: Foundations of Civilization (to c. 600 B.C.E.) ~ BIG PICTURE REVIEW**

**Directions:** Using the content from the chart and what you have learned throughout the time period, categorize and summarize specific historical content and evidence as it fits under each theme and objective.

<b>Key Concept 1.1 Big Geography and Peopling of the Earth</b>	
<b>Concept</b>	<b>Content to Support</b>
Archeological evidence indicates that during the Paleolithic era, hunting-foraging bands of humans gradually migrated from their origin in East Africa to Eurasia, Australia, and the Americas, adapting their technology and cultures to new climate regions. <i>(Key Concept 1.1.I)</i>	
<b>Key Concept 1.2 The Neolithic Revolution and Early Agricultural Societies</b>	
Beginning about 10,000 years ago, the Neolithic Revolution led to the development of new and more complex economic and social systems. <i>(Key Concept 1.2.I)</i>	
Agriculture and pastoralism began to transform human societies. <i>(Key Concept 1.2.II)</i>	

**Key Concept 1.3 The Development and Interactions of Early Agricultural, Pastoral, and Urban Societies**

<b>Concept</b>	<b>Content to Support</b>
<p>Core and foundational civilizations develop in a variety of geographical and environmental setting where agriculture flourished. <i>(Key Concept 1.3.I)</i></p>	
<p>The first states emerged within core civilizations. <i>(Key Concept 1.3.II)</i></p>	
<p>Culture played a significant role in unifying states through laws, language, literature, religion, myths, and monumental art. <i>(Key Concept 1.3.III)</i></p>	